ACTS OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL (COLONIAL). 355 § 234 cont.] who do now claim possession of any Lands in Your Majesty's

said Island of St. Vincent, in consequence of purchases made or pretended to have been made of those Charribbs without Your Majestys Licence. [pp. 515-8; X. p. 11.]

[235.] [Reference to the Committee of the petition of Pierre Roubaud, formerly a Jesuit in Canada, setting forth that on the conquest he took the oaths and was employed by the Government: that, when he was sent to England by General Murray, the Jesuits, in Murray's presence, agreed to pay him a pension of 120 guineas a year, but refused to pay the same after the first year: and praying that the Jesuits be caused to pay to him in London-and on his decease to his wife—a pension of 200 guineas a year instead of 120, with all arrears and interest.] [p. 370.]

[236.] [Reference to the Committee, and by them on 8 July. 19 Dec. to the Board of Trade, of the petition for relief of William Bollan, late his Majesty's advocate for Massachusetts Bay, in consideration of his services with respect to trade and connections with the colonies, and of several hardships suffered in the course of their performance.] [pp. 370, 522.]

(1773.)[The Council refer it to the Treasury to grant relief in 7 April. accordance with the report of the Committee of this date, agreeing with the Board of Trade,] That the merit of the Memorialist not only in the Instances of Publick Service stated in his Memorial, but also in many others equally Useful and Important, has been verified upon the fullest Evidence and Testimony . . and therefore when the said Lords Commissioners consider this Gentlemens merit and combine that Consideration with the Hardships sustained, in his Removal from his Offices of Advocate of the Vice Admiralty Court, and Collector of Your Majesty's Customs at Salem, [they [X. pp. 143, 167.] cannot but recommend him for relief.]

[237.] [Reference to the Committee of the petition of 8 July. Don Pedro Joachin de Rotaldi and Esprit Barrall, merchants of Jamaica, that the Council dismiss for non-prosecution the

Plantations.

8 July.

Quebec.

1772.

Jamaica.

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1772. § 237 cont.]

appeal of James Ord and James Prevost from an order of the Chancellor, 22 Nov. 1770, in a case relating to several bonds.] [p. 371.]

18 Dec. [James Ord having died since the appeal was admitted, Prevost and John Ord, of Lincoln's Inn, petition that the appeal be revived and heard, and are referred to the Committee. Other names in this entry are Bryan Edwards, Peter Barrall, and Juan Arrachederetta.]
[p. 510.]

(1773.)[The Committee revive the appeal by making John Ord a18 Mar. party.][X. p. 95.]

(1773.) [On the Committee report of 18 Dec., the order is varied

- 31 Dec. by the consent of all parties.] [X. pp. 380, 392.]
- 31 July. [238.] [Reference to the Committee, and by them on 19 Dec.
 North Carolina.
 to the Board of Trade, of the petition of Robert Campbell, gent., late planter in North Carolina, for relief and provision for his future subsistence in view of his services and losses during the war and particularly during the late unhappy commotions in that colony.] [*pp.* 396, 523.]

21 Aug. [239.] [On reading letters from Rear Admiral Montague, Rhode commander in chief of H.M. ships in North America, to the Island. Secretary of State and to the Admiralty, and from the Governor of Rhode Island to the Secretary of State, giving an account of the burning of the Gaspée schooner and the wounding of her commander in Providence river, and a report of the Attorney and Solicitor General thereon ; these law officers are directed to prepare the draft of a commission for the Governor of Rhode Island, the Chief Justices of New York, New Jersey, and Massachusetts Bay, and the Judge of the Vice Admiralty Court for Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, or any three of them, to inquire into the matter and report to his Majesty in Council; and also to prepare the draft of a proclamation offering pardon to any of those concerned who shall discover any of their accomplices (those being excepted who respectively assaulted the commander and assumed to be sheriff of the province), and