

§ 86 *cont.*]

1768.

in general Confirm to what has been enacted and established in several of the Neighbouring Colonies, and, in giving the Right of the Nomination to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, is less exceptionable than what has been approved in some of those Colonies, where the Right of Nomination is vested in the County Court ; Yet the said Lords Commissioners observe, that it leaves no discretionary Power in the Governor to reject or set aside the Persons Nominated, and to appoint any other, and therefore does not, as they conceive, correspond with the Usage and Practice in this Kingdom, or with the original Constitution of Carolina, where the Nomination of the Provost Marshall, who was in Fact the Sheriff, and had all the powers and authorities of such officer was entirely in the Crown.

[The Board of Trade submitted whether these objections should induce his Majesty to disapprove an act whose general regulations were founded in wisdom and propriety and of the greatest importance to the happiness and prosperity of the people.] [pp. 335, 339-45, 347.]

[87.] [Reference to the Committee of the petition of William Pusey for a day for hearing his appeal from an order of the Chancellor of Jamaica, 21 Sept., 1767, allowing Sir Simon Clarke's demurrer *ore tenus* to a bill filed by W. Pusey for reviving a suit commenced by John Pusey against Clarke, Andrew Arcedeckne, and George Bonyngé and his wife, relating to legacies left by Cornelius Wellekins.] [p. 348.]

7 Oct.
Jamaica.

[Committee report for reversing the order and reviving the suit.] [p. 497.] (1769.)

14 Mar.

[Reference to the Committee of Bonyngé's appeal from an order of the Chancellor, 19 Oct., 1771, on a bill filed by John Edwards and his wife about Wellekins' estate.] (1772.)

20 Nov.

[IX. pp. 380, 450, 491.]

[On the Committee report of 17 Dec., the appeal is dismissed.] [X. pp. 373, 391.] (1773.)

31 Dec.