

1749-50,

was passed by the Governor Council and Assembly of Your Majestys said Province of New Hampshire in July 1745 without any Clause inserted therein suspending the Execution of it until Your Majestys Pleasure might have been known Entitled [as above].

This Act directs that when Distress shall be made on the personal Estate of any person or persons and Sold for the payment of the Interest of any part of the said 25,000*l.* any one of the Trustees appointed by the former Acts shall be impowered to do the same as fully and effectually as the Whole or Major part of the said Trustees or their Successors in the said Trust could or might do by Virtue of the former Acts.

We humbly beg leave however to represent to Your Majesty that it was the Duty of Your Majestys said Governor not to have given his Assent to the said Acts without having Clauses inserted therein suspending the Execution thereof untill Your Majestys Pleasure might have been known; but as the Regulations prescribed by the said Acts for the better Execution of the former Act which has been already confirmed by Your Majesty appear to Us to be just and necessary and may render the said former Act of more publick Utility and Benefit We would humbly propose to Your Majesty that the said two Acts may receive Your Majestys Royal Approbation.

[XIII. *pp.* 7-9, 21.]

1750. [122.] [Reference to the Committee of the petition of John  
17 Jan. Garrioche, of Jamaica, planter, for a stay of proceedings on,  
Jamaica. and a day for hearing his appeal from, a Chancery decree  
of 5 Aug., 1749, on a bill brought against him by James Uniacke  
and Mary his wife, and Cardiffe Targart for an account of the  
rents and profits of three estates belonging to Thomas  
Cardiffe, deceased, received on Cardiffe's death by George  
Garrioche and Margaret his wife, and, on George's death,  
by the petitioner, John.] [*p.* 436.]

16 Feb. [Committee order for staying execution of part of the decree.]

[*pp.* 465-7.]

[In accordance with the Committee report of 11 Dec., 1753, the decree of Aug., 1749, is entirely reversed.]

[XIV. pp. 531, 544 ; XV. p. 19.]

[123.] It having been represented to this Board that His Majestys Provinces of New York and New Jersey have been for sometime past and still continue to be in great Disorder, [it is ordered that the Board of Trade] do forthwith lay before this Board the present State and Condition of both the said Provinces together with their Opinion what may be most adviseable for His Majesty to do therein.

[p. 449.]

[The Committee, approving the proposals of a Board of Trade report on the state of New York,] Whereby it appears that great Disputes have arisen between the Governor and the Assembly of that Province which are still subsisting and that many Encroachments have been made by the Assembly on His Majestys Prerogative by wresting from the Governor several of the Executive parts of Government—Which were vested in him by His Majestys Commission—, [order the Board of Trade to prepare draft instructions accordingly for putting a stop thereto.]

[XIII. p. 286.]

[124.] [Four Acts of 4 Feb., 1749, are confirmed on the Committee report of 27 March. The Committee agreed with the report of the Board of Trade, to whom the Acts—delivered by the agent on 27 July, 1749—had been referred by the Council on 5 Oct., 1749. The Board of Trade having consulted Mr. Lamb, one of his Majesty's counsel, who had no objections in point of law, recommended the Acts with the following observations :—]

An Act to encourage the killing of Squirrels within this Province.

An Act for the New Appointment of Trustees of the General Loan Office of Pennsylvania and for the making Current Five Thousand pounds in New Bills of Credit to exchange such of those now by Law Current as are Torn and Defaced.

These two Acts appear to Us to relate only to the Private Oeconomy of the province and to have been enacted for their

1750.

(1754.)

22 Jan.

2 Feb.

New York  
and New  
Jersey.

(1751.)

6 Aug.

29 Mar.

Penn-  
sylvania.